



Reference on Appropriate Swaddling Techniques

<http://hipdysplasia.org/developmental-dysplasia-of-the-hip/hip-healthy-swaddling/>

Definitions:

Routine Well-Baby Exams- Routine Well-Baby Exams for Developmental Dysplasia of the Hip (DDH) will occur 2 days, 2 weeks, 2 months, 4 months, 6 months post due date.

DDH Trained Staff- Ultrasonographer and Musculoskeletal Radiology staff are trained in the evaluation and diagnosis of DDH.

Primary Care Provider Training- Review DDH Clinical Evaluation/Examination training video located on International Hip Dysplasia Institute (IHDI) website:

<http://hipdysplasia.org/for-physicians/pediatricians-and-primary-care-providers/lectures-and-videos/>

Outcome Metrics

1. Primary Care
 - a. Number of Pelvis Radiographs under 4 months post due date (should be a low number)
 - b. Number of ultrasounds over 4-5 months post due date (low number)
 - c. Primary Care Providers that receive validated DDH examination training (80 at 1 year, 95% at 2 years, through the International Hip Dysplasia Institute (IHDI) website
 - i. <http://hipdysplasia.org/for-physicians/pediatricians-and-primary-care-providers/lectures-and-videos/>
2. Radiology
 - a. Ability to obtain same-day hip ultrasounds on patients travelling long distances to Boise. (100%)
 - b. Ensure that hip ultrasounds are performed by appropriately trained DDH Ultrasonography staff within the health system (100%)
 - c. Ensure that hip ultrasounds are interpreted by appropriately trained DDH MSK Radiology staff within the health system (100%)
 - d. Ensure that hip radiographs are interpreted by appropriately trained DDH MSK Radiology staff and/or pediatric orthopedic surgeons within the health system (100%)
 - e. Ensure that hip radiographs are positioned properly where obturator foramen are equally open within the health system (90%)
3. Orthopedics
 - a. Number of patients seen in peds ortho clinic with missed dislocations and residual dysplasia cases requiring treatment